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KETONE PEROXIDES		%	% °C	°C				AMB	BIENT			ELE	VATED		нібн	
Methyl ethyl ketone peroxi (CAS No. 1338-23-4)	de															
NOROX KP-9*	General purpose MEKP with medium reactivity	9,1	30	60	•	•	•	•	•	•		•		•		
NOROX KP-100*	Faster gel & cure than KP-9	9,7	30	60	•	•	•	•	•	•		•		•		
NOROX SG-10*	Faster gel than KP-100	9,7	30	60	•	•	•	•				•		•		
NOROX KP-200*	Faster gel than KP-100	9,5	30	60	•	•	•					•		•		
NOROX KP-925H	MEKP designed for VE resins, less foaming	8,9	30	60	•	•		•		•	•	•		•	•	
NOROX KP-925	MEKP for VE, UP & gelcoats	8,9	30	60	•	•		•		•	•	•		•	•	
NOROX KPM	Mixture with similar gel time but faster cure than KP-9	7,7	30	60	•	•	•			•		•		•		
Methyl ethyl ketone peroxi (CAS No. 1338-23-4)	de (phthalatefree)															
NOROX ENP-90	General purpose MEKP with medium reactivity, approved gelcoat type	8,9	30	60	•	•	•	•	•	•		•		•		
NOROX ENP-92	General purpose MEKP, faster gel than Norox KP-100	9,8	30	60	•	•	•					•		•		
NOROX ENP-95	General purpose MEKP with medium reactivity	9,5	30	60	•	•	•	•	•			•		•		
Acetylacetone peroxide (CAS No. 37187-22-7)																
NOROX PD-40*	Standard AAP	4,1	0-25	>65	•	•	•			•		•		•		
NOROX DEP	Low exotherm temp AAP with longer gel & cure for thicker laminates	3,1	5 - 25	>70	•	•	•			•		•				
NOROX RTM-12	Two step AAP for RTM at elevated temperature with cobalt	4,7	0-25	60								•		•		
NOROX FC-100	AAP with improved cure performance	4,5	0 - 25	60	•	•				•		•		•		
NOROX WPC-100	AAP for potable water application with improved cure performance	3,9	0 - 25	60	•	•				•		•		•		
Methyl isobutyl ketone per (CAS No. 37206-20-5)	oxide															
NOROX Pulcat S	MIBKP in aliphatic hydrocarbons	10,5	max 25	50		•	•				•			•	•	
Others (CAS No. 1338-23-4)																
NOROX MEC	Similar gel time but faster cure than KP-9, premium initiator for gelcoats	9,7	30	60	•	•		•		•	•	•				
HYDROPEROXIDES																
Cumyl hydroperoxide (CAS No. 80-15-9)																
NOROX CHP	80-85%, low exotherm temperature for thicker laminates	8,5	80 - 85 30	>76	•	•				•				•	•	
NOROX CHM-50*	Promoted CHP for fast curing of some VE resins	4,5	30		•	•				•		•		•	•	
NOROX MCP*	Lower exotherm temp, longer gel & cure than MCP-75, for thicker laminates	8,8	30	60	•	•				•		•			•	
NOROX MCP-99*	Similar to MCP-75 but with faster gel time, for thicker laminates	9,3	30	60	•	•				•		•				
NOROX MCP-75*	Lower exotherm temp, long gel time, good final cure, for thicker laminates	8,9	30	60	•	•				•		•			•	
NOROX KP-LE*	Lower exotherm temperature for thicker laminates, similar geltime as KP-9	8,8	30	60	•	•				•		•				

^{2 *} Available as colored-discolorizing system for improved homogenization during mixing. Natural resin color is restored during curing (optional).

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	DIACYL PEROXIDES		%	%	°C	°C				AMBIENT					ELEV	/ATED		ніс	5H		
	Dibenzoyl peroxide (CAS No. 94-36-0)																				
	BENOX L-40LV	40%, sprayable BPO dispersion	2,6	40	0-25	>50	•		•	•	•	•		•						•	•
	BENOX C-50S	50 % BPO powder with phtalate, free flowing	3,3	50	30	60	•		•	•	•		•	•						•	•
	BENOX A-75	75% BPO granules in water	5,0	75	0 - 25	>65	•		•												•
	PERESTERS																				
	tert-Butylperbenzoate (CAS No. 614-45-9)																				
	NOROX TBPB	High efficient perester, lowest residual styrene levels	8,1	>98	10 – 25	60								•	•	•		•	•	•	
	NOROX P-20	Promoted TBPB for elevated temperature processes	6,6	80	10 – 25	60						•		•	•	•		•	•	•	
	tert-Butylperoxy-2-ethylhe (CAS No. 34443-12-4)	exylcarbonate																			
	NOROX 400	High efficient, low TOC-emission	6,4	97	max 20	70													•	•	
	tert-Butylperoxy-2-ethylhe (CAS No. 3006-82-4)	exanoate																			
	NOROX 410	Fast curing perester for reduced cycle times	7,3	99	max 10	40												•	•		
	tert-Butylperoxy-3,5,5-trir (CAS No. 13122-18-4)	nethylhexanoate																			
	NOROX 425	High efficient perester, drinking water application	6,9	99	max 20	60										•		•	•	•	
	NOROX 425 PR	Promoted TBPIN for elevated temperature processes	6,3	90	max 20	55						•		•		•			•	•	
	PEROXYDICARBONATES																				
	Di(4-tert.butylcyclohexyl) p (CAS No. 15520-11-3)	peroxydicarbonate																			
	NOROX 600	Fast kick off peroxide for two step curing	3,8	>96	max 20	45							•		•			•	•		•
	NOROX 600-CL2	Fast kickoff peroxide blend, low burning rate	3,5	mix	20	45									•			•			•
	PERKETALS																				
	1,1-Di(tert.butylperoxy)cycl (CAS No. 3006-86-8)	lohexane																			
	NOROX 505-80	Hot curing initiator, long pot life, less affected by fillers and pigments	9,7	80	30	60												•	•		
	1,1-Di(tert.butylperoxy)-3,3 (CAS No. 6731-36-8)	3,5-trimethylcyclohexane																			
	NOROX 500-90	Most efficient perketale	9,5	90	30	60												•	•		
	NOROX 802-75	Accelerated curing performance	5,8	mix	max 20	50												•	•		

● = Recommended application ■ = Other possible application UNITED INITIATORS - NOROX 5

Safety Information

Half-life

Decomposition rates of peroxides are commonly reported in terms of half-life time. The half-life time is a measure of a peroxide's rate of decomposition at a certain temperature. It indicates the time when 50% of the peroxide has decomposed. The thermal stability of organic peroxides is commonly characterised by giving the temperature at which the half-life time of the product is 10 hours, 1 hour and 1 minute. The higher the temperature corresponding to the half-life, the more stable the peroxide. Half-life temperatures can vary based on the manner in which they are determined, especially the solvent used.

The half-life time can be derived from the Arrhenius equation:

$$k_d = A \cdot e^{-E_A/RT}$$
 and $t_{1/2} = \ln(2/k_d)$

k_d: Rate constant of the peroxide dissociation

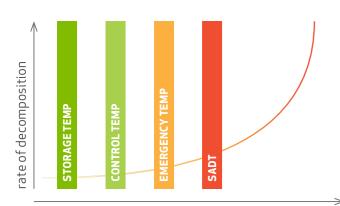
A: Arrhenius frequency factor

E_A: Activation energy for the dissociation

R: Ideal gas constant

T: Temperature

t_{1/2}: Half-life time



product temperature/time

No single parameter is as important as the control of the temperature. Whether shipping, handling or storing, if the temperature is maintained well below its self-accelerating decomposition temperature (SADT), most hazards are avoided. For storage over a longer period of time, the manufacturer's recommended temperature for storage should be rigorously followed.

Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature (SADT)

The SADT is the lowest temperature at which selfaccelerating decomposition occurs for a peroxide formulation in its packaging used for transport when held at that temperature. At the SADT, the rate of evolution of heat from decomposition exceeds the rate of heat loss to the surroundings so that the peroxide's temperature increases with time and the decomposition becomes increasingly more rapid or selfaccelerating. The final decomposition may be uncontrollable.

Minimum/Maximum recommended storage temperatures

The maximum recommended storage temperature is lower than the control temperature, not for safety, but to maintain product quality. On the other hand, some liquid or paste organic peroxides must not be stored below a certain minimum temperature as turbidity, phase separation, crystal deposits or solidification can occur.

Control Temperature T_c

The T_c is the maximum temperature at which the product can be safely transported for an extended period of time. T_c is not required if the SADT exceeds 50°C (122°F). Generally the T_c is derived from the SADT as shown for canisters:

 T_c = SADT minus 20°C if SADT < 20°C

 $T_c = SADT minus 15°C if SADT < 35°C$

 $T_c = SADT minus 10^{\circ}C if SADT < 50^{\circ}C$

Transportation temperatures are derived from the SADT according to the recommendations by the UN Committee of Experts on the Transport of Dangerous Goods.

Emergency Temperature Te

The Control Temperature T_C is supplemented by an Emergency Temperature T_e which is higher than the T_c but still well below the SADT. The T_C may be exceeded if maintenance is necessary or until alternative cooling (e.g. dry ice or wet ice) is available. However, if the Emergency Temperature T_e is reached, emergency procedures must be implemented immediately, e.g. cooling down the organic peroxides.

PRODUCT CODE	CHEMICAL NAME	STORAGE	EA	HAL			
		TEMP	[KJ/MOL]	10 H	1H	1 MIN	
DIPND	Di(2-neodecanoylperoxy-isopropyl)benzene	•	114	37	54	85	
CUPND	Cumylperoxy-neodecanoate	•	115	38	55	90	
TOPND	1,1,3,3-Tetramethylbutylperoxy-neodecanoate	•	117	40	57	92	
TAPND	tert. Amylperoxy-neodecanoate	•	113	44	62	100	
*)	Peroxydicarbonates	•	144	47	61	90	
TBPND	tert. Butylperoxy-neodecanoate	•	121	47	64	100	
TBPNH	tert. Butylperoxy-neoheptanoate	•	116	51	69	107	
TAPPI	tert. Amylperoxy-pivalate	•	121	53	71	110	
DCLBP	Di(2,4-dichlorobenzoyl)peroxide	•	121	54	72	110	
TBPPI	tert. Butylperoxy-pivalate	•	121	56	74	110	
INP	Di(3,5,5-trimethyl-hexanoyl)peroxide	•	117	59	78	120	
DP	Didecanoyl-peroxide	•	126	62	80	120	
LP	Dilauroyl-peroxide	•	126	62	80	120	
AIBN	2,2'Azobis(isobutyronitrile)	•	130	62	80	120	
DHPEH	2,5-Dimethyl-2,5-di(2-ethylhexanoylperoxy)hexane	•	137	67	84	125	
APS	Ammoniumperoxodisulfate	•	135	69	87	125	
PMBP	Di(4-methylbenzoyl)peroxide	•	125	70	89	130	
BP	Dibenzoyl-peroxide	•	126	72	91	130	
TAPEH	tert.Amylperoxy-2-ethylhexanoate	•	126	72	91	130	
NOROX 410	tert.Butylperoxy-2-ethylhexanoate	•	135	74	92	130	
TBPIB	tert.Butylperoxy-isobutyrate	•	130	77	96	135	
TBPM	tert.Butyl-monoperoxy-maleate	•	116	82	104	150	
NOROX Pulcat S	Methylisobutylketoneperoxide	•	125	90	110	155	
TAPEHC	tert.Amylperoxy-(2-ethylhexyl)carbonate	•	151	95	113	150	
NOROX 500-50	1,1-Di(tert.butylperoxy)-3,5,5-trimethyl-cyclohexane	•	143	95	114	155	
NOROX 505-80	1,1-Di(tert.butylperoxy)cyclohexane	•	138	97	117	160	
TBPIC	tert.Butylperoxy-isopropylcarbonate	•	138	97	117	160	
NOROX 425	tert.Butylperoxy-3,5,5-trimethyl-hexanoate	•	147	100	119	160	
DHPBZ	2,5-Dimethyl-2,5-di(benzoylperoxy)hexane	•	147	100	119	160	
NOROX 400	tert.Butylperoxy-(2-ethylhexyl)carbonate	•	128	100	122	175	
TBPA	tert.Butylperoxy-acetate	•	149	102	121	160	
TAPB	tert.Amylperoxy-benzoate	•	143	102	122	160	
NOROX TBPB	tert.Butylperoxy-benzoate	•	143	104	124	165	
BU	2,2-Di(tert.butylperoxy)butane	•	143	104	124	165	
NBV	n-Butyl-4,4-di(tert.butylperoxy)valerate	•	141	110	131	175	
EBU	Ethyl-3,3-di(tert.butylperoxy)butyrate		144	114	135	180	
DCUP	Dicumyl-peroxide		152	116	136	175	
BCUP	tert.Butylcumyl-peroxide	•	154	118	138	180	
DTAP	Di(tert.amyl)peroxide	•	129	118	142	190	
DIPP	Di(2-tert.butylperoxy-isopropyl)benzene		142	120	142	190	
DHBP	2,5-Dimethyl-2,5-di(tert.butylperoxy)hexane		142	120	142	190	
DTBP	Di(tert.butyl)peroxide	•	152	125	146	190	
DYBP	2,5-Dimethyl-2,5-di(tert.butylperoxy)hexyne-3	•	154	128	149	195	
HMCN	3,3,6,6,9,9,-Hexamethyl-1,2,4,5-tetraoxa-cyclononane		146	135	158	205	
TBHP	tert.Butyl-hydroperoxide		149	173	200	260	
CUROX CC-DC	2,3-Dimethyl-2,3-diphenylbutane		195	210	234	285	
	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,						
*) PEROXYDICARB	ONATES						
EHPC	Di(2-ethylhexyl)peroxydicarbonate	•	CHPC	Dicvclohex	/lperoxydica	rbonate	
SBPC	Di(sec-butyl)peroxydicarbonate		NBPC		eroxydicarb		
NOROX 600	Di(4-tert.butylcyclohexyl)peroxydicarbonate		MYPC		eroxydicarb		
CEPC	Dicetylperoxydicarbonate		13111 C	Sanyristyip	or oxyatear b	- Cridice	
CLIC	Dicecylperoxydicarbonate						

Colour code for storage temperature:

= Deep refrigeration
= Moderate refrigeration
= Ambient temperature For precise values see specific product data sheets

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